Settlement Name: Redenhall with Harleston Settlement Harleston is identified as a Main Town in the Greater Hierarchy: Norwich Local Plan. The town is compact in form and sits on a plateau between Starston Beck to the north and the River Waveney to the south. The town centre has many historic buildings and is based on a triangle of roads comprising The Thoroughfare, Broad Street, The Old Market Place and Exchange Street. The town has a good range of speciality shops and services, although the potential for expansion of the town centre is physically limited. Residential development has recently been completed on Mendham Lane, and there are proposals in place at both Fullers Place (planning application reference 2017/0099) and Spirketts Lane (carried forward allocation HAR4). To the south of the town is the main employment area which benefits from good access to the A143. Whilst there has been some take up of the existing employment allocations, there remains a need to have land available for employment development to retain the balance of uses within the town (see carried forward allocations HAR6 and HAR7). Existing sewerage infrastructure and surface water flooding are constraints in Harleston, including in the town centre. As a result, all allocated sites will need to show how they will address surface water drainage and sewerage infrastructure constraints to the satisfaction of Anglian Water, the Lead Local Flood Authority and the Environment Agency. A new water supply will be required to provide for the proposed level of growth in Harleston. The Draft Strategy sets a requirement for 623 homes in Harleston between 2018 and 2038. 450 homes need to be found by new allocations. 173 homes are in existing commitments, of which 5 were built in 2018/19. 95 homes are expected on existing allocation HAR 4. Another 73 homes have planning permission, of which 29 are on existing allocation HAR 3. The Towards a Strategy document identifies Harleston as a Town (together with Aylsham, Diss, Long Stratton and Wymondham) and suggests that circa 900 – 1000+ additional homes should be provided between them. This site assessment booklet looks in detail at the sites promoted in Harleston to determine which are the most suitable to contribute towards the overall allocation figure for the Main

Towns.

STAGE 1 – COMPLETE LIST OF SITES PROMOTED IN THE SETTLEMENT

LIST OF SITES TO BE CONSIDERED FOR RESIDENTIAL/MIXED USE ALLOCATION (0.5 HECTARES OR LARGER)

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Proposal
	Harlesto		
Land South of Rushall	GNLP0209	1.27	Approx. 40 dwellings
Road, Harleston			
West of Shotford Road	GNLP2088	7.30	150 dwellings
North of Green Lane	GNLP2098	2.52	65 dwellings
South of Redenhall Road	GNLP2099	4.40	110 dwellings
Mendham Lane	GNLP2105	1.00	20 dwellings
South of Spirketts Lane	GNLP2108	7.10	160-175 dwellings
South of Needham Road	GNLP2116	7.00	160 dwellings
Briar Farm	GNLP2136	27.00	Residential led mixed use development, 350 dwellings, care, employment, retail
	Redenha		
Land @ Church Lane, Redenhall	GNLP3048	0.59	Residential (unspecified)
	am (site well relat	ted to Harles	
North of Needham Road	GNLP2115	6.00	175 dwellings
Total area of land		64.18	

LIST OF SITES TO BE CONSIDERED AS SETTLEMENT BOUNDARY EXTENSIONS (SETTLEMENT BOUNDARY PROPOSALS AND SITES LESS THAN 0.5 HECTARES)

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Proposal
	Harlesto	n	
Land adjacent to 10 Frere Road	GNLP0237	0.28	Approx. 10 dwellings
SMB Property Consultancy	GNLP0263	0.48	Unspecified number of residential development or retail uses

(Sites of less than 0.5ha are not considered suitable for allocation and therefore have not been assessed in this booklet. These sites will be considered as part of a

reappraisal of settlement boundaries to be published with the Regulation 19 Submission version of the Plan).

LIST OF SITES SUBMITTED FOR OTHER USES

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Proposal
None			

(Sites submitted for other uses are considered in separate 'Non-Residential' Site Assessment booklets and therefore have not been assessed in this booklet).

STAGE 2 – HELAA COMPARISON TABLE

RESIDENTIAL/MIXED USE

		Categories												
	Site access	Access to services	Utilities Capacity	Utilities Infrastructure	Contamination/ ground stability	Flood Risk	Market attractiveness	significant landscapes	Sensitive townscapes	Biodiversity & Geodiversity	Historic environment	Open Space and Gl	Transport & Roads	Compatibility with neighbouring uses
Site Reference														
						На	rleston							
GNLP0209	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Amber	Green
GNLP2088	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green
GNLP2098	Green	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green
GNLP2099	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Amber
GNLP2105	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green
GNLP2108	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green
GNLP2116	Amber	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green
GNLP2136	Green	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green
	Redenhall													
GNLP3048	Green	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green
	Needham (site well related to Harleston)													
GNLP2115	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Amber	Green	Amber	Amber	Amber	Green	Green	Green	Green

STAGE 3 – SUMMARY OF CONSULTATION COMMENTS

Site Reference	Comments
	Harleston
GNLP0209	General comments One comment raised regarding the site to be accepted for hybrid use between small scale privately owned retirement residences or social housing, single storey fitting in with the Terence Airey Court social housing.
	Harleston Town Council comments Concerns: - About the suitability of this land for development due to previous rejected applications on grounds of highways, environmental Loss of ancient hedgerows and mature oak trees; disturbance of colony of bats increase in traffic near to a dangerous junction Housing close to the boundary of the adjacent listed building and its curtilage.
	We would prefer land to be limited to provision of retirement complex / almshouses with a community environmental orchard / woodland area. The current hedgerows and trees is the best remaining roadside approach into the town of Harleston.
GNLP2088	General comments One comment in support of site. With respect to site reference GNLP2088 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the site represents a suitable site for future residential development and provide for the natural expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process. See full report. Objections raised concerns regarding lack of parking spaces, traffic congestion, access uppositely reads, lose of agricultural
	traffic congestion, access, unsuitable roads, loss of agricultural land, removal of historic setting and building on greenfield sites. Norfolk FA comments Norfolk FA are supportive of residential development in Harleston, associated to the proposed S106 agreement and potential to develop an open space which could host football provision. Harleston Town FC are a growing football club and have plans to try to develop either their existing facility, or a new facility which could host all of their football provision.
	Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments GNLP2088 - West of Shotford Road - Residential development - 150 dwellings proposed - Discounted - There are concerns about

the narrow access from Shotford Road as this is a long narrow stretch of land which backs onto the existing development of Cherrywood which may add to noise pollution. Any access from this proposed development onto Needham Road will cause problems as it will open straight on to a hill with a sweeping corner making visibility poor. Needham is a historic entrance to the town which has on-street parking causing narrowing of the road to single lane.

GNLP2098

General comments

One comment in support of site. With respect to site references GNLP2098 and GNLP2099 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the sites represent suitable sites for future residential development and provide for the natural expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process, see full report.

Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments

GNLP2098 - North of Green Lane - Residential development - 65 dwellings proposed - Discounted - There is no logical way that this site could be accessed given the constraints of the surrounding area. Green Lane is a narrow footpath which leads to the by-pass and there is no route viable through either Lovat Close or Church View. The adjoining site of GNLP2099 has also been discounted (see below)

GNLP2099

General comments

One comment in support of site. With respect to site references GNLP2098 and GNLP2099 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the sites represent suitable sites for future residential development and provide for the natural expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process, see full report.

One objection raised concerns as the land is elevated and would have an overbearing impact on the second most important approach to the town.

Norfolk FA comments

Norfolk FA are supportive of residential development in Harleston, associated to the proposed S106 agreement and potential to develop an open space which could host football provision. Harleston Town FC are a growing football club and have plans to try to develop either their existing facility, or a new facility which could host all of their football provision.

Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments

GNLP2099 - South of Redenhall Road - Residential development - 110 dwellings proposed - Discounted - The rising ground from Redenhall Road towards the roundabout is often flooded, due to water running off the fields, this creates problems for drivers entering the town. The approach to the town would be compromised by development overlooking over the main road and would be an unattractive entrance to this historic market town.

GNLP2105

General comments

One comment in support of site. With respect to site reference GNLP2105 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the site represents a suitable site for future residential development and provide for a limited but valuable expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process, see full report.

Objections raised concerns regarding a need for the current allotments which have been extremely successful and there is a waiting list for plots(8). Harleston has an ageing population (34% over 60) with lower than average health, a higher than average lack of qualifications (36%)and blighted by a lack of connectivity (no train station, no bus station, 5 buses to Norwich a day and 7 to Diss a day)and lack of employment opportunities. Some rare wildlife has been sighted around the allotment hedges and trees.

Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments

GNLP2105 - Mendham Lane - Residential development - 20 dwellings proposed - Discounted - This site is currently in use as allotments, and the town council are of the opinion that this would again give an overbearing approach into the industrial/town area as this site sits adjacent to GNLP2136.

GNLP2108

General comments

One comment in support of site. With respect to site reference GNLP2108 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the site represents a suitable site for future residential development and provide for the natural expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process, see full report.

One objection raised concerns regarding increase in population. The CLA has objected to the use of a scoring system that promotes growth in market towns at the expense of surrounding villages. Your plan aims to provide "local Housing" and "to grow a vibrant healthy community" but fails to recognise that the housing proposed will be for people from outside Harleston with outside jobs and needing to drive to work.

Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments

GNLP2108 - South of Spirketts Lane - Residential development - 160 - 175 dwellings proposed - Acceptable but not as far as the by-pass - As this site has housing to the west and commitments to the north and east, the council would not be averse to this site being developed in the future.

Norfolk FA comments

Norfolk FA are supportive of residential development in Harleston, associated to the proposed S106 agreement and potential to develop an open space which could host football provision. Harleston Town FC are a growing football club and have plans to try to develop either their existing facility, or a new facility which could host all their football provision

GNLP2116

General comments

Objections raised concerns regarding destruction of the Apollo Rooms as it is a vital resource to be retained for the community. Other issues raised include destruction of the historic setting which Harleston currently holds. 2115 and 2116 actually join up the parishes of Needham and Redenhall with Harleston in areas which play important parts in maintaining historic distinction between the two communities.

One comment submitted in support of site. With respect to site references GNLP2115 and GNLP2116 the applicant welcomes the Council's conclusions that the sites represent suitable sites for future residential development and provide for the natural expansion of Harleston. We highlight that there are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process, see full report.

Redenhall with Harleston Town Council comments

GNLP2116 - South of Needham Road - Residential development - 160 dwellings proposed - Discounted - for the same reasons as GNLP 2115.

GNLP2136

General comments

Objections raised concerns regarding scale of development, to use the Apollo Rooms as a community resource, lack of services and infrastructure, change the nature of a historic market town and impacts on wildlife.

One comment submitted in support of site. Additional provided include: maps, detailed projection report, Utilities overview report, housing brochure, flooding and drainage report, landscape summary report, preliminary arboricultural survey and a preliminary ecological appraisal.

Redenhall with Harleston Parish Council comments

Consideration should be taken on not only the overall impact of such a large development, but the impact on the rural nature of the approach to the town via the A143. If this site is accepted for development, careful consideration must be given to the design and environmental approach to the houses. A plan to plant a woodland area along the perimeter of the development would shield properties from traffic noise from the by-pass as well as providing a softer welcoming approach to the town, due consideration of the same nature must be afforded to residents living on Jays Green.

Needham (Site well related to Harleston)

GNLP2115

General comments

One comment submitted in support of site. There are no fundamental constraints or impacts that cannot be mitigated through the subsequent policy allocation, applications and development process.

Objections raised concerns regarding joining up the settlement of Needham and Harleston eroding the distinction between the two. Other issues include losing the tourist impression of a small historic town, site is grade 2 agricultural land, flood risk, scale & property type, wildlife, ecological & townscape impacts, traffic congestion, lack of facilities & footpaths and infrastructure.

Starston Parish Council comments

The Parish Council opposes the proposed development in line with the view expressed at the Neighbourhood Plan even 17/11/18 and in the Parish Plan 2008, that Starston remains separate to Harleston. Residents do not want Harleston and Starston to join.

STAGE 4 – DISCUSSION OF SUBMITTED SITES

In this section sites are assessed in order to establish whether they are suitable for allocation. For the purposes of Sustainability Appraisal, suitable sites are those which are considered to be Reasonable Alternatives. Sites not considered suitable for allocation are not realistic options and therefore are not considered to be reasonable alternatives. The discussion below outlines the reasons why a site has been deemed suitable or unsuitable for allocation. By association this is also the outline of the reasons why a site was deemed to be a reasonable or unreasonable alternative.

A range of factors have been taken into account to establish whether a site should, or should not, be considered suitable for allocation. These factors include: impact on heritage and landscape; impact on the form and character of the settlement; relationship to services and facilities; environmental concerns, including flood risk; and, in particular, a safe walking route to a primary school. Sites which do not have a safe walking route to school, or where a safe walking route cannot be created will not be considered suitable for allocation.

Conclusions in regard to a sites performance against the relevant factors have also been informed by the outcomes of the HELAA, as set out under stage 2, consultation responses received, as summarised in stage 3, and other relevant evidence.

Harleston

Reasonable alternatives:

GNLP0209

This site is located to the west of Harleston. It lies to the south of Rushall Road, adjacent to the existing settlement boundary and partly within. There are some small areas of surface water flood risk and a couple of established tree belts which may have some effect on the developable area. There is a listed building to the east so historic environment impacts need to be considered. There is no footway along Rushall Road but if pedestrian access can be linked into Glamis Court through into Wilderness Lane then there are footways in place through to Harleston Primary School

GNLP2088

This site is located to the south west of Harleston, near to the existing settlement boundary with potential access points from Shortford Road and Needham Road. It seems likely that vehicular access will need to be taken from Needham Road. There is a large pocket of surface water flood risk on the site which is likely to affect the access point from Shortford Road and the wider developable area. There are some established trees around the boundary of the site and part of the site is on Grade 2 Agricultural Land. A safe pedestrian route can be provided to Harleston Primary School therefore the site is considered to be a reasonable alternative.

GNLP2098

This site is located to the north east of Harleston, adjacent to the existing settlement boundary north of Green Lane. There is a band of surface water flood risk running across the site which may affect the developable area. Some highway improvements are likely to be needed to gain vehicular access from Green Lane and there are safe pedestrian routes to Harleston Primary School from both Green Lane and Church View so the site is considered to be a reasonable alternative.

GNLP2099

This site is located to the north east of Harleston, adjacent to the existing settlement boundary to the south of Redenhall Road. The northern and southern boundaries of the site are affected by surface water flood risk. The site appears to be elevated from the road so consideration would need to be given as to whether development would be overbearing in this location. Subject to the provision of a short section of footway it is possible to provide a safe pedestrian route to Harleston Primary School therefore the site is concluded to be a reasonable alternative subject to further investigation of the levels within the site.

GNLP2108

This site is located to the south of the town off Spirketts Lane. It is adjacent to the existing settlement boundary which currently runs along the north side of Spirketts Lane. A Public Right of Way runs through the site. A short section of footpath would need to be provided to link to the existing footpath on Spirketts Lane and then a continuous pedestrian route exists to Harleston Primary School. The site appears to have minimal other constraints therefore it is considered to be a reasonable alternative.

GNLP2136

This is a very large site proposal located to the east of the town around Briar Farm, adjacent to the settlement boundary. A development of this scale would have a large impact on the form and character of Harleston and it may be that a decision is taken to allocate only part of the site. There is a band of surface water flood risk running through the northern part of site with smaller pockets elsewhere which may affect the overall developable area. There are numerous potential vehicular and pedestrian access points to the site and it is likely that a safe pedestrian route to school could be provided so therefore the site is considered to be a reasonable alternative.

Not reasonable alternatives:

GNLP2105

This site is currently allotments off Mendham Lane to the South East of the town. The site promoter states that the allotment holders are under a fixed term 5 year licence which expires in October 2019. The allotments seem to be well used so even if there is no legal issue with bringing the land forward for development, alternative allotment provision would need to be investigated. Unless adjacent site 2136 were allocated in its entirety residential development here would be

disconnected from the rest of the town and out of keeping with form and character being a predominantly commercial area. It is not possible to provide a safe pedestrian route to school unless taken through 2136 and therefore the site is not considered to be a reasonable alternative. The stretch of road between the A143 and the start of the existing footpath on Mendham Lane is likely to be heavily used by vans and lorries accessing the industrial estate and would not be desirable as a route to be used by children.

GNLP2116

This site, south of Needham Road, is located to the south west of Harleston. It is located some distance from the existing settlement boundary near to the roundabout with the A143. There are some small areas of surface water flood risk which are unlikely to affect the overall developable area, some established trees around the site boundary and parts of the site are on grade 2 agricultural land. There is a pedestrian footway along the northern side of Needham Road but the site is over 2km to school. For this reason, it is not considered to be reasonable alternative. Consultation comments also expressed concern that development in this location would further extend the built up area between Needham and Harleston.

Redenhall

Not reasonable alternatives:

GNLP3048

This site at Church Close, Redenhall is not considered to be a reasonable alternative. The boundary of the site is at surface water flood risk. There is currently no settlement boundary in this location and no justification to provide one. Although there is a footpath for much of the route into Harleston the site is more than 2km to the Primary School and the route would involve navigating the roundabout junction with the A143.

Needham

Reasonable alternatives:

GNLP2115

This site is located in the parish of Needham but is adjacent to the existing settlement limit for Harleston. There are small areas of surface water flood risk affecting the site but these are unlikely to affect the developable area. Gunshaw Hall, a listed building, is nearby so historic environment impacts may need to be considered. The site is on Grade 2 agricultural land. Consultation comments relate to the issue of further joining up development between Harleston and Needham. There is a footpath along Needham Road to Harleston Primary School which is 1.8km away so therefore the site is considered to be a reasonable alternative.

STAGE 5 – SHORTLIST OF REASONABLE ALTERNATIVE SITES FOR FURTHER ASSESSMENT

Based on the assessment undertaken at stage 4 above the following sites are considered to be reasonable alternatives.

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Proposal				
Harleston							
Land South of Rushall Road, Harleston	GNLP0209	1.27	Approx. 40 dwellings				
West of Shotford Road	GNLP2088	7.30	150 dwellings				
North of Green Lane	GNLP2098	2.52	65 dwellings				
South of Redenhall Road	GNLP2099	4.40	110 dwellings				
South of Spirketts Lane	GNLP2108	7.10	160-175 dwellings				
Briar Farm	GNLP2136	27.00	Residential led mixed use development, 350 dwellings, care, employment, retail				
Needham (Site well related to Harleston)							
North of Needham Road	GNLP2115	6.00	175 dwellings				
Total area of land		55.59					

STAGE 6 – DETAILED SITE ASSESSMENTS OF REASONABLE ALTERNATIVE SITES

Site Reference:	GNLP0209
Address:	Land South of Rushall Road
Proposal:	Residential development of approx. 40 dwellings.

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:
Arable agricultural	Greenfield

CONSTRAINTS IDENTIFIED IN THE HELAA

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Access, Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes, Biodiversity & Geodiversity, Historic Environment and Transport & Roads

HELAA Conclusion

This is a greenfield site which it is proposed to access from Elizabeth Walk/Glamis Court, rather than Rushall Road. Whilst there would be traffic impacts, they would be limited and likely to be mitigable. The site is within 400m of the Harleston Conservation Area, but would not meaningfully affect it. Development may impact on the setting of The Grove, a listed building, and the site itself offers an attractive setting to the surrounding development, containing mature trees. The location is an attractive green entrance to the development with good mature trees and is sited in a river valley landscape designation – consequently it would be preferable to set back within the site with landscaping retained to the front. The site's proximity to the town centre and local services (such as schools, shops and employment opportunities) means that it is well located. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. The site is concluded as being suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

Any development would need to retain existing landscaping – very sensitive

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

2006/1766 / 2005/2280

Historic refusal for dwelling on the site (1970s). 2006/1766 temporary approval for use as a traveller site (western half of the site) which was subsequently revoked; 2005/2280 refusal for use as traveller site; pre-app enquiry 2015 for potential residential development on the site, access from Rushall Road was considered to be inadequate as trees along Rushall Road frontage are protected by Tree Preservation Orders. Access via Titlow Road would have required demolition of a property at Terence Airey Court.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

Site Reference:	GNLP2088
Address:	West of Shotford Road
Proposal:	Residential development (150 dwellings proposed)

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:
Arable agricultural	Greenfield

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Access, Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Market Attractiveness, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes and Biodiversity & Geodiversity.

HELAA Conclusion

This greenfield site lies south of Needham Road, Harleston, north of the A143 (a further access could be taken from Shotford Road to the east). Initial evidence would suggest that the Highways Authority would support the site. It is reasonably well related to the town, so is accessible to bus services, employment, and the high school as well as GP and retail but there are also listed buildings nearby. The site lies partially on Grade 2 agricultural land and entirely within the designated river valley. There is an area at risk of surface water flooding within the site, and the 1:1000 extent is significant. Any development in Harleston may impact on Gawdyhall Big Wood to the north of the town which may require mitigation, although there are no obvious ecological issues with the site itself. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. There are no constraints regarding contaminated land and there would be no loss of publicly accessible open space. Avoiding the area at risk of flooding, approximately 6ha of the site is considered suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

Avoidance of flood risk area would mean development away from existing built form. Not a preferred option.

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

South Norfolk Council flood comments

Surface water flood risk extending along the access route and large area into the centre of the site with depths above 300mm for all current day risk events.

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

Historic refusals for dwellings on north of site (1970s/1980s) High Performance PolyEthylene pipe approved across the site 2005/0759

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

Site Reference:	GNLP2098
Address:	North of Green Lane
Proposal:	Residential development (65 dwellings proposed)

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:
Arable agricultural	Greenfield

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Market Attractiveness, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes and Biodiversity & Geodiversity.

HELAA Conclusion

This greenfield site lies entirely within the designated river valley, north of Green Lane and adjacent to existing housing to the east of the town. Initial evidence would suggest that the Highway Authority would support the site. Being well-related to the built form, it has access to bus services, employment, GP, retail, primary and secondary schools. There is a line of surface water flood risk within the site, and at 1:1000 extent, this is significant. A listed building within 400m is unlikely to be affected by the site's development. Any development in Harleston may impact on Gawdyhall Big Wood to the north of the town which may require mitigation, although there are no obvious ecological issues with the site itself. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. There are no constraints regarding contaminated land and there would be no loss of publicly accessible open space. Although the site has some constraints, the area outside the flood risk (approximately 1.8ha) is considered suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

Adjacent to 1970s single storey development. Issues include site access, landscape impact and flooding

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

South Norfolk Council flood comments

surface water flood risk along northern boundary extending to central part of eastern side of site. Watercourse through centre of site.

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

2011 screening opinions for wind turbines on the larger site

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

Site Reference:	GNLP2099
Address:	South of Redenhall Road
Proposal:	Residential development (110 dwellings proposed)

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:
Arable agricultural	Greenfield

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Access, Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Market Attractiveness, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes, Biodiversity & Geodiversity, Historic Environment and Compatibility with Neighbouring uses.

HELAA Conclusion

This greenfield site lies entirely within the designated river valley, south of Redenhall Road and adjacent to existing housing to the east of the town. Initial evidence would suggest that the Highway Authority would support the site. Being well-related to the built form, it has access to bus services, employment, GP, retail, primary and secondary schools. There is a line of surface water flood risk at the site's north and south boundaries, which could be avoided. Listed buildings and the conservation area within 400m are unlikely to be affected by the site's development. Any development in Harleston may impact on Gawdyhall Big Wood to the north of the town which may require mitigation, although there are no obvious ecological issues with the site itself. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. It is approximately 150m from the sewage works (there are intervening dwellings) but there are no constraints regarding contaminated land and there would be no loss of publicly accessible open space. Although the site has some constraints, it is considered suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

Impact on entrance to town due to elevated nature of site.

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

Not known

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

Site Reference:	GNLP2108
Address:	South of Spirketts Lane
Proposal:	Residential development (160-175 dwellings proposed)

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:	
Arable agricultural	Greenfield	

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Access, Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Market Attractiveness, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes and Biodiversity & Geodiversity.

HELAA Conclusion

This greenfield site lies south of Spirketts, Harleston, north of the A143. Initial evidence would suggest that the Highway Authority would support the site. It is reasonably well related to the town, so is accessible to bus services, employment, and primary and high schools, as well as GP and retail, but there are also listed buildings nearby. The site lies entirely within the designated river valley. There is a small area at risk of surface water flooding at the site boundary, which could be avoided. Any development in Harleston may impact on Gawdyhall Big Wood to the north of the town which may require mitigation, although there are no obvious ecological issues with the site itself. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. There are no constraints regarding contaminated land and there would be no loss of publicly accessible open space. Although the site has some constraints, it is considered suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

The site is in the river valley and this together with the relationship to the employment allocation to the east needs consideration. Pedestrian connectivity to the primary school appears to be possible. Vehicular access would need to be off Spirketts Lane.

Depending on numbers for allocation, site could support a development to the north with significant landscaping to the south or allocation of less of the site 2/3?

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

2005 application for High Performance PolyEthylene pipeline across site

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

Site Reference:	GNLP2136
Address:	Briar Farm
Proposal:	Residential led mixed use development, 350 dwellings, care, employment, retail

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:
The land is currently in agricultural	Greenfield
(arable) use, with a number of	
agricultural buildings and significant	
areas of hardstanding around them.	

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Market Attractiveness, Significant Landscapes, Biodiversity & Geodiversity and Historic Environment.

HELAA Conclusion

This large site (27ha) lies entirely within the river valley, west of the A143, with potential access from Mendham Lane, Jays Green or existing housing development to the east of the town. Initial evidence would suggest that the Highway Authority would support the site. Being well-related to the built form, it has access to bus services, employment, GP, retail, primary and secondary schools. There is a line of surface water flood risk within the site, which could be avoided. The conservation area within 400m is unlikely to be affected by the site's development. Any development in Harleston may impact on Gawdyhall Big Wood to the north of the town which may require mitigation, and there are ponds on and adjacent to the site which may require ecological surveys. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. There are no constraints regarding contaminated land and there would be no loss of publicly accessible open space. Although the site has some constraints, it is considered suitable for the land availability assessment.

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

Depending on numbers to be delivered in Harleston, if part of site comes forward then the southern parcel or the site immediately adjacent Harvest Way would be the preference. If whole site comes forward there are constraints to address including surface water flowpath coming through the site, access strategy as poor network to the north, sensitive approach to river valley and landscape and layout to respond to this, noise mitigation, Public Right Of Way through site. Access strategy – obviously no direct access to bypass

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

South Norfolk Council flood comments

Some low risk surface water flood risk through northern part of site.

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

2005/2279

Refusal for traveller site (southern section), approved application for residential development in north-west section.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

- Sketch Masterplan
- Phasing Plan
- Detailed Projections
- Utilities Overview Note
- Flooding and Drainage Note
- Landscape Summary Note
- Preliminary Arboricultural survey
- Preliminary ecological appraisal
- Viewpoint location Map

Site Reference:	GNLP2115
Address:	North of Needham Road, Needham
Proposal:	Residential development (175 dwellings proposed)

CURRENT USE OF SITE:	BROWNFIELD/GREENFIELD:	
Arable agricultural	Greenfield	

Amber Constraints in HELAA

Access, Accessibility to Services, Utilities Capacity, Flood Risk, Significant Landscapes, Townscapes and Biodiversity & Geodiversity.

HELAA Conclusion

Although mostly within Needham parish, this site lies at the edge of Harleston, north of Needham Road. It is accessible to bus routes, employment, GP surgeries, retail and Archbishop Sancroft High School, but also close to listed buildings, although these may not be affected by development. Initial evidence suggests the Highway Authority would support the site. There is a Site of Specific Scientific Interest within 3km and some areas within the site are at risk of surface water flooding, both of which may require mitigation. Sewerage, surface water and water supply network enhancements would all be necessary; mitigation of surface water drainage would be particularly important. The site is in agricultural land class 2, which is among the best and most versatile. However, there are no known constraints in relation to utilities infrastructure or contamination/ground stability. Although the site has some constraints, it is considered suitable for the land availability assessment

FURTHER COMMENTS

Highways

No comments

Development Management

No access from Gothic Close, would need access from Needham Road. Fields either side of Needham Road form part of character entrance to town. Not a preferred site. Would only want to see part of site developed, but then access would be difficult.

Minerals & Waste

No comments

Lead Local Flood Authority

No comments

Children's Services

Harleston has considerable pressure for pupil places and would not be able to cope with further growth without new school provision.

PLANNING HISTORY:

No planning history

BRIEF SUMMARY OF PLANS/DOCUMENTS PROVIDED WITH THE SUBMISSION

STAGE 7 – SETTLEMENT BASED APPRAISAL OF REASONABLE ALTERNATIVE SITES AND IDENTIFICATION OF PREFERRED SITE/S (WHERE APPROPRIATE).

Seven reasonable alternative sites have been identified in Harleston cluster at Stage 5 of this booklet. These sites were considered to be worthy of further investigation to look at their potential for allocation as the initial assessment did not flag up any major constraints that would preclude development. These sites have been subject to further discussion with Development Management, Highways, Flood Authority and Children's Services in order to identify preferred sites for allocation and their comments are recorded under Stage 6 above.

Harleston is a Main Town and the 'Towards a Strategy' document identifies a requirement for 900 – 1000+ dwellings across this sector of the hierarchy. Through further discussion site GNLP2108 was identified for 150 dwellings and site GNLP2136 for 300 dwellings. Both sites are well located to the existing built form of the town, although highways improvements are likely to be required.

There are considered to be no reasonable alternatives to this approach.

Sites GNLP0209, GNLP2088, GNLP2098, GNLP2099, GNLP2105, GNLP2115, GNLP2116, GNLP3048, GNLP0156, GNLP2065, GNLP0385, GNLP0464, GNLP0056, GNLP0057, GNLP2121, GNLP2036 have been dismissed. For most of these sites there is no safe walking route to school, and for some the highway constraints or landscape impacts ruled the site out.

In conclusion there are two sites identified as preferred options in Harleston providing for 450 new homes. The Draft Strategy sets a requirement for 623 homes in Harleston between 2018 and 2038. 450 homes need to be found by new allocations. 173 homes are in existing commitments, of which 5 were built in 2018/19. 95 homes are expected on existing allocation HAR 4. Another 73 homes have planning permission, of which 29 are on existing allocation HAR 3.

Preferred Sites:

Address	Site Reference	Area (Ha)	Proposal	Reason for allocating
Redenhal	with Harlest	on		
South of Spirketts Lane, Harleston	GNLP2108	7.10	150 dwellings	This site is preferred for allocation as it is well located in terms of the form and character of Harleston. The site is in the designated river valley and this together with the relationship to the existing employment allocation to the east needs consideration. The allocation of the site is subject to provision of two satisfactory

Address	Site Reference	Area (Ha)	Proposal	Reason for allocating
				accesses, a frontage footway to connect with existing footways and revision of the speed limit. Consideration may need to be given to improving the Shotford Road junction with London Road.
Briar Farm, Harleston	GNLP2136	27.00	300 dwellings (mixed use and significant open space)	This site is preferred for allocation as it is well located in terms of the form and character of Harleston. The design of the development will need to overcome constraints including surface water flow path through the site, and the need for a sensitive approach to the river valley landscape. Development would require submission of a transport assessment and mitigation of any highway concerns.

Reasonable Alternative Sites:

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Proposal	Reason for not allocating
Redenhall	with Harleston			
NO REASO	NABLE ALTER	RNATIVE	SITES	

Unreasonable Sites:

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Promoted for	Reason considered to be unreasonable
Redenhall w	vith Harlesto	n		
Land south of Rushall Road, Harleston	GNLP0209	1.27	Approx. 40 dwellings	This site is not preferred for allocation as it provides an attractive landscape approach to the town, with sensitive hedgerows and trees along the site boundary which form part of the roadside approach into Harleston.
West of Shortford	GNLP2088	7.30	150 dwellings	This site is not considered to be suitable for allocation as in highway terms it appears to be

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Promoted for	Reason considered to be unreasonable
Road, Harleston				impossible to achieve an acceptable visibility splay within the highway or land promoted within the site boundary. The centre of the site has a significant area of surface water flood risk and avoiding this area would mean development would be located away from the existing built form, contrary to form and character.
North of Green Lane, Harleston	GNLP2098	2.52	65 dwellings	Although there are safe pedestrian routes to Harleston Primary School from both Green Lane and Church View, the site is not considered to be appropriate for allocation as Jay's Green is not suitable for vehicular access. In addition, there is a band of surface water flood risk running across the site which would affect the developable area.
South of Redenhall Road, Harleston	GNLP2099	4.40	110 dwellings	This site is not considered suitable for allocation as there are concerns about the visual impact of developing an elevated site at the entrance to the town and the cost implications that this could have for the development. In highways terms development would probably require the realignment of Redenhall Road.
Mendham Lane, Harleston	GNLP2105	1.00	20 dwellings	This site is not considered to be suitable for allocation as residential development here would be disconnected from the rest of the town and out of keeping with form and character being a predominantly commercial area. The stretch of road between the A143 and start of the existing footpath on Mendham Lane is likely to be heavily used by commercial vehicles and so would not be a desirable route to be used by children to get to school. The site

Address	Site Reference	Area (ha)	Promoted for	Reason considered to be unreasonable
				would be more acceptable if developed alongside site GNLP2136.
North of Needham Road, Needham (considered with Harleston as well related to built-up area)	GNLP2115	6.00	175 dwellings	This site is not preferred for allocation as it is wholly within the river valley and on grade 2 agricultural land. There is poor connectivity into Harleston and concern about possible coalescence of Needham and Harleston. If developed highway improvements would be required including two satisfactory access points.
South of Needham Road, Harleston (considered with Harleston as well related to built-up area)	GNLP2116	7.00	160 dwellings	This site is not preferred for allocation as although there is a pedestrian footway the site is some distance to Harleston Primary School. Development in this location would further extend the built-up area between Needham and Harleston.
Land at Church Lane, Redenhall	GNLP3048	0.59	Residential (unspecified number)	This site is not considered to be suitable for allocation as there is currently no settlement limit in this location and no justification to provide one as Redenhall has limited services and facilities. Although there is a footpath for much of the route into Harleston the site is some distance from the primary school and would involve pedestrians navigating the roundabout junction with the A143.

